Oceanic Transport



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Overview

- History
- Advancements in Industry
- Major Companies
- Factors Affecting Oceanic Transport
- Economics of the Industry
- Current Events
- How is the Market doing now?
- Futures Market
- Questions?



History

- Oceanic Transport dates as far back as 45,000 B.C. ; when humans first arrived in Australia presumably by boat.
- Technology eventually evolved into more advanced sailboats, that were able to travel across Oceans.
- The history of Oceanic travel involves a great deal of exploration and settling of new lands.
- In 1783, Claude de Jouffroy built the first recorded steamboat.
- 1845, the SS Great Britain becomes the first iron steamer to cross the Atlantic.
- 1912, Titanic sinks, leading to innovations and improvements in oceanic travel.
- 1914, the Panama Canal opens leading to increased trade between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans.

Advancements in the Industry

- More than 90% of world trade is moved by the maritime commercial shipping industry.
- The cost to transports goods Internationally via oceanic transport has greatly decreased, for example, in the United States oceanic transportation adds just 2 cents to the price of a gallon of gasoline, \$10 to the cost of a television, and a few hundred dollars to the cost of a car.
- New concepts, such as container ships, LNG carriers (oil tankers), open-hatch forest-product ships, and car carriers have revolutionized the way products are moved
- Container Ships are the largest vessel for maritime transport and there are more than 4,000 Container Ships in use today.

Source: "Technological Advances in Maritime Transportation." NAE Website, 1 June 2008, www.nae.edu/7712/TechnologicalAdvancesinMaritimeTransportation.

Comparative Efficiencies of Transportation Modes





This map of shipping routes illustrates the relative density of commercial shipping in the world's oceans.

Major Companies

Company 🔶	Headquarters +	Ships \$	Total TEU +	Average TEU	Market share
Maersk Line	Denmark	700	3,879,439	5,542	15.3%
Mediterranean Shipping Company	🕂 Switzerland 📕 Italy	<mark>4</mark> 73	3 <mark>,118</mark> ,108	6,592	12.3%
CMA-CGM	France	476	2,554,264	5,366	10.1%
China Ocean Shipping (Group) Company	💴 China	330	1,972,491	5,977	7.8%
Hapag-Lloyd	Germany	<mark>2</mark> 17	1,550,874	7,147	<mark>6</mark> .1%
Ocean Network Express	• Japan	228	1,536,312	6,738	6.1%
Evergreen	Taiwan	200	1,110,708	5,554	4.4%
Orient Overseas Container Line	🖈 Hong Kong	99	689,986	6,970	2.7%
Yang Ming	Taiwan	100	609,749	6,097	2.4%
Pacific International Lines	Singapore	132	413,334	3,131	1.6%

Factors Affecting Oceanic Transport

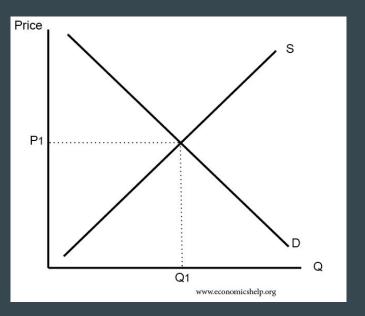
- Intended Destination
- Service Charges
- Season
- Currency
- Fines and Fees
- Bunker Capacity
- Container Capacity



Economics of The Industry

Findings

• Ocean freight rates' fluctuation is driven by a supply/demand relationship like any other price determination in the international trade system.



Current Events

- Issues US exporters are facing in ocean shipments:
 - 1. Container/Equipment Shortages
 - 2. Space Availability Issues
 - 3. Ocean Freight Rate Increases
 - **4. Bunker Price Decreases**



How is the Market doing Now?

• Coronavirus has had large impacts

- \circ Annual port volume in China has fallen for just the second time since 1970
- \circ US Ports are facing lots of congestion
- \circ Impacts from the virus are threatening to halt ag exports from the US to Asia
- Sailings are being blanked- more than 100 cancelled so far (as of March 20)
- US imports from China hit a 4 year low in February
- $\circ~$ In the US, non-essential goods are piling up at terminals, disrupting the supply chain
- \circ $\,$ The full effect of the Coronavirus on the shipping industry remains to be seen

Future of Oceanic Transport

- The shipping industry will continue to work to become more sustainable and environmentally friendly
- 15 of the world largest cargo ships produce the same amount of sulfur emissions than all the cars in the world
- Shipping costs will increase (IMO Low-Sulfur Act)



• Autonomous ships

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